

International Cooperation Cambodia

Annual Report 2015



International Cooperation Cambodia (ICC), an innovative Christian development organisation committed to serving the least-served across the Kingdom of Cambodia.

Introduction

In 2015 ICC involved itself in exploring new innovative methods in development work, e.g. contributed towards the research, reflection and design of two Interact regional programs on Child Rights and Anti Human Trafficking. In 2016, after becoming a partner in these two regional programs, ICC will gain access to relevant capacity building within the two sectors, and access to a network of other civil society organisations in the region. It is believed that working on a regional level, in addition to strengthening ICC's work in the two sectors in Cambodia, will enable ICC to contribute to an overall protection of children' rights and to combating human trafficking in Southeast Asia.

Another innovative approach ICC has explored this year is the use of social business as a localisation approach. Possible social business setups were explored with some of ICC's target communities, in order to enable years of development work to be sustainable long term,

after ICC's involvement ends. Right now a social business plan is being designed for potential foreign investors to consider. Please see more details below.

ICC also seeks to be innovative in the selection of new target groups. In 2015 ICC came a long way in exploring working with elderly people and those in need of palliative care. It has been decided that when the right technical people and sufficient funding are in place, ICC will begin working with these new target groups.

Furthermore, ICC's currently running projects have in the year 2015 elevated their work in responding to the needs of target people with participatory innovative. and respectful approaches. This work could not be done without ICC's good collaboration with stakeholders, who provide expertise, support and advice so that project goals can be reached.

Working with the least-served people

poor, many with a very low level of education - will continue to work with farmers in both hence ICC is working directly with farmers in provinces. Svay Rieng, Prey Veng, Mondulkiri and Ratanakiri provinces. In the FAST project ten new target villages in Svay Rieng province have been selected after the pilot phase finished in 2014. FAST project is providing farmers with new agricultural techniques, and using model-farmers from the pilot phase to demonstrate successful improvements to new farmers. Also FAST staff has been able to benefit from the PARCE project's years of experience working with farmers in Prey Veng province, synergy being achieved between the two projects in the south.

The iBCDE project has in 2015 been collaborating with ECHO Asia, who specialize in obtaining and safely storing rare agricultural species. A number of rare species in Ratanakiri and Mondulkiri provinces have been lost in some communities. but via this collaboration iBCDE staff and farmers have been able to find them again, and are now protecting and growing them in nurseries. Proper storage of the plants and seeds aims to ensure they will still be available for the generations to come. The collaboration with ECHO Asia reached

Farmers in Cambodia have low status and are completion at the end of 2015, but iBCDE staff



Another least-served group of people that ICC has started working with lately, is the Jarai community. Towards the end of 2015, after iBCDE staff's intensive work with Jarai people, Provincial Educational Department in Ratanakiri and the Ministry of Education, the Jarai alphabet was approved and is now released.

Empowering target groups

By the use of participatory tools, the iBCDE Another example of people coming together for a project indigenous communities to identify their problems and promotes child rights and child protection in dialogue. 2015 concerns via communities in provinces started to develop their own village- leaders teach what they have learned to their plans, thus being proactive in determining what villagers, in order to stand strong in combating changes they wish to aim for. By making their child abuse and exploitation own plans they are motivated, committed and significant impact was seen in the target have ownership. iBCDE staff coach and monitor communities in 2015, the villagers, ensuring action is taken according to authorities and religious institutions engaged the village-plans and is followed up. Furthermore, themselves in protecting their children. Children the iBCDE project provides technical expertise have reported that now they feel safer and more and tools that will empower the villagers to reach protected by their caregivers. their goals.

The VIDP project continues to mobilise churches to improve their members' lives with what they have available of natural resources, knowledge, networking opportunities, etc. In 2015 the project started to empower churches to take their work to the next level, by expanding it to non-Christians in their communities. Even as community people may have different religious values and principles, they all have needs and rights to improve their livelihood and escape from poverty. These communities will become role-models for others to prove and demonstrate, that when people join together they can change their situation, despite religious believes.

target cause comes from the VOTC project. The project target Pursat and Takeo provinces by teaching church Ratanakiri and Mondulkiri leaders in these subjects. Afterwards the church villagers.



Bridging authorities and civil society

PARCE and iBCDE projects have come a long way livelihood of farmers. But also they come together in positively bridging target communities with to improve the farmers' knowledge and skills, in their local authorities. This includes empowering order to be prepared to respond to climate target communities to advocate for their own changes and new demands and supplies in the concerns, and not depend on ICC. Now they know agricultural sector. how and where to bring up their concerns, but they still need more encouragement and support The iBCDE project has linked target communities from the projects to grow and stand strong.

voice on behalf of their members towards the one important tool in this process Prey Veng authorities in Committees. Together they seek to address the promotion of education..... needs in the local villages, and jointly improve the

to relevant civil society groups in order to advocate for their land rights and indigenous PARCE project's emphasis has been to train and people's rights. The aim is to see indigenous empower Agricultural Cooperatives to be one people advocating for their own rights and needs, province. language. iBCDE project supports bilingual Agricultural Cooperatives have built up a education for students in the lower grade of respectful and useful collaboration with the local public school, until they can follow education in Commune Councils and Village Development the Khmer language. As a result of iBCDE staff's

to understand how language enables them to be reading In 2015 iBCDE project tried something new to learning and education.

amongst rural communities, people are beginning promote education: a mobile library, offering materials in active and responsible citizens in their own languages. The mobile library has proven to be communities, daring to link with local authorities. successful in creating interest for language

Innovative & sustainable development work

four Agricultural Cooperatives and Norwegian agriculture productivity groups.



Social business is a new innovative approach for investors. The aim is to ensure the long term localisation of ICC's development work. Together sustainability of development work via an with Viator in 2015, ICC started exploring a social agricultural social business; for instance PARCE business setup in Prey Veng province between project's work with self-help groups and

> Throughout 2015 all of ICC's development projects have been striving to work towards sustainable outcomes by using innovative approaches. Hence, for all of ICC's projects service delivery is kept to a minimum, to the extent possible, in order to avoid dependency on ICC. Instead, ICC projects focus on building and empowerment of people based on their legal rights, and by mobilising them to join together in group formation. By being members of strong civil society groups people will be able to help themselves and to speak up with one voice to address their problems and concerns.

Plans for 2016

ICC plans to become more involved in anti human based on ICC's direct involvement in development for ICC to get involved in, and the aim is to Beyond program. approach the work in pioneering ways, as yet unused in this sector.

implementation. The competence of ICC Beyond is - both on national and international level.

activities via Interact's regional work for 25 years. As an organisation ICC has built program. This will be done via ICC's newly up a significant level of local and professional ex-Trafficking Response project, 2016 perience and knowledge in development work in being the pilot phase period. This is a new sector Cambodia, which will be utilised in the ICC

Internally, 2016 will be a year with focus on quality management, striving and reaching for In 2016 ICC will launch its new involvement in the higher standards in work performance and development sector called "ICC Beyond". ICC project impacts. This will enable ICC to work Beyond is a consultancy program available to civil effectively and efficiently with target groups, and society organisations, providing services related for ICC to be upfront and prepared for the to organisation, administration and project changing environment in the development sector

Acknowledgements

Thank you to the following ministries and organisations whose generous support and assistance is vital to the work of ICC in Cambodia:

Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport; Ministry of Social Affairs, Veterans and Youth Rehabilitation; Ministry of Rural Development; Ministry of Health; Interact; Cambodia Action; SIL International; Normisjon; Viator; Digni; FELM; Tearfund UK; TEAR Australia; Transform Aid Int.; Danmission; LEAD Asia; ECHO Asia; EFC; CCC; MEDICAM, Micah Network, NGO Education Partnership; MRO and PFC.

List of ICC project name abbreviation	
FAST	Family And School Transformation
iBCDE	identity Based Community Development and Education
PARCE	Poverty Alleviation through Rural Community Empowerment
VIDP	Village Integrated Development Project
VOTC	Voice Of The Children



ICC Head Office

#1C, Street 26BT(371), Phoum Thnort Chrum, Sangkat Beong Tumpun, Khan Mean Chey, Phnom Penh, Cambodia.

P.O. Box 612 | Office Phone: 092 469 934, Email: info@icc.org.kh | Web: www.icc.org.kh